

ORDINANCE 569-10-12 (as modified by Planning 2/6/2013)

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 1117.04 AND 1117.05 OF THE VILLAGE ZONING CODE AND NOT DECLARING AN EMERGENCY

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Council of the Village of Roaming Shores, Ohio:

SECTION 1. Section 1117.04 VARIANCES, is amended to read as follows:

1) The Board of Zoning Appeals may authorize upon appeal in specific cases such variance from the terms of this ordinance pursuant to Section 1117.05 and Section 1117.12. No non-conforming use of neighboring lands, structures or buildings in the same district, and no permitted or non-conforming use of lands, structures, or buildings in other districts shall be grounds for issuance of a variance.

2) The Board of Zoning Appeals shall not consider any request for a variance unless the following have been submitted:

- a) name, address and telephone number of the applicant.
- b) a copy of the deed with complete legal description
- c) description or nature of the variance requested, including a drawing of property lines, setbacks and structures where appropriate.
- d) a fee as provided by ordinance.
- e) a written narrative considering the factors found in Section 1117.05.

SECTION 2. Section 1117.05 STANDARDS FOR VARIANCES is deleted and then amended to read as follows:

(1) When considering a request for a variance the Board shall be subject to the powers and the limitation of powers set forth in the Zoning Code and further subject to the required findings set forth in subparagraph (b) or subparagraph (c) depending on the type of variance sought. The applicant for variance shall have the burden of proof in these proceedings.

(2) Lot Area or Setback Areas: No variance to the provisions or requirements of the Zoning Code, pertaining to the lot area or setback shall be granted by the Board unless the Board has determined that a practical difficulty does exist or will result from a literal enforcement of the Zoning Code. The factors to be considered and weighed by the Board in determining whether a property owner, seeking an area or setback variance, has proved practical difficulty, include:

- a) Whether the property in question will yield a reasonable return or whether there can be any beneficial use of the property without the variance;

- b) Whether the variance is substantial;
- c) Whether the essential character of the neighborhood would be substantially altered or whether adjoining properties would suffer a substantial detriment as a result of the variance;
- d) Whether the variance would adversely affect the delivery of government services (e.g., water, sewer, garbage, fire, police or other);
- e) Whether the property owner purchased the property with the knowledge of the zoning restriction;
- f) Whether the property owner's predicament can be obviated through some method other than a variance;
- g) Whether the spirit and intent behind the zoning requirement would be observed and substantial justice done by granting the variance;
- h) Whether the granting of the variance will be contrary to the general purpose, intent and objectives of this Zoning Code or other adopted plans of the Village of Roaming Shores.
- i) Whether the proposed variance will impair an adequate supply of light and air to the adjacent property, substantially increase the congestion in the public streets, increase the danger of fire, endanger the public safety, or substantially diminish or impair property values of the adjacent area.

(3) Variances Other than Area and Lot Setback: The Board may authorize a variance, other than for lot area and/or setback, in specific cases, from the strict application of the Zoning Code; provided that it has considered the factors enumerated in subparagraph (2)(a) through (h) above, and further provided that all conditions enumerated in (1) through (5) below have been met:

(1) That the variance requested arises from such a condition which is unique and which is not ordinarily found in the same zoning district; and is created by the Zoning Code and not by an action or actions of the property owner or the applicant;

(2) That the granting of the variance will not adversely affect the rights of adjacent property owners or residents.

(3) That the strict application of the Zoning Code of which variance is requested will constitute unnecessary hardship upon the property owner or the applicant;

(4) That the variance desired will not adversely affect the public health, safety, morals or general welfare; and

(5) That granting the variance desired will not be opposed to the general spirit and intent of the Zoning Code.

SECTION 3. That it is hereby found and determined that all formal actions of this Council concerning and relating to the adoption of this ordinance were adopted in an open meeting of this Council and that all deliberations of this Council and of any of its committees that resulted in those formal actions were in meetings open to the public, in compliance with all legal requirements including Section 121.22 of the Ohio Revised Code.

SECTION 4. That this ordinance is not an emergency and shall not take effect until thirty days after its passage.

PASSED this _____ day of _____, 2013

John Ball, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leeann Moses, Fiscal Officer

Kyle B. Smith, Solicitor

I hereby certify that a summary of the foregoing ordinance was published by the Shore News on the ____ day of _____ 2013.

Village Clerk

ORDINANCE 559-6-12 (modified February 6)

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING SECTION 1137.06 THE VILLAGE ZONING CODE
PROVISIONS REGARDING THE STORAGE OF TRAILERS AND OTHER
EQUIPMENT ON RESIDENTIAL LOTS

Be it ordained by the Council of the Village of Roaming Shores, Ohio:

SECTION 1. SECTION 1137.06 is amended to read as follows:

3). Boats, tractors, airplanes, motorcycles, golf carts, trucks exceeding one ton payload, trailers, snowmobiles, ATV's, campers, personal water craft and other lawn care equipment and supplies shall not be permitted to be stored on residential lots, unless they are stored in a fully enclosed structure except as follows:

a) Boats, recreation vehicles (RV'S), and recreational utility trailers up to 22 feet in length (no more than one of each), may be stored outside an enclosed structure on a residential lot provided they are properly licensed and in good order, repair, and in operable condition; and provided that they are located within all setback requirements for structures in the zoning code.

b) Personal Water Craft, golf carts and snowmobiles (no more than two each), may be stored outside an enclosed structure on a residential lot provided they are properly licensed and in good order, repair, and in operable condition; and provided that they are located within all setback requirements for structures in the zoning code.

c) One tractor or lawnmower may be stored outside an enclosed structure provided it is in good order, repair, and in operable condition; and provided is located within setback requirements for structures in the zoning code.

d) Under no circumstance shall more than a combined total of four vehicles described in (a) through (c) be stored outside on any premises.

4) Anyone found violating any provision found in 1137.06 shall be fined \$50.00 per day for as long as the violation continues; the Village reserves the right to seek injunctive relief in addition to such fine.

SECTION 2. That this ordinance shall become effective 30 days after its passage.

PASSED this _____ day of _____, 2013

John Ball, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leeann Moses, Clerk/Treasurer

Kyle B. Smith, Solicitor

I hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing ordinance was published
by the Shore News on the __ day of _____, 2013.

Village Fiscal Officer

ORDINANCE 561-09-12 (modified by Planning on Feb 6)

AN ORDINANCE REGULATING VACANT BUILDINGS, PROVIDING FOR INSPECTIONS AND ASSESSING VACANT BUILDING FEES

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL FOR THE VILLAGE OF ROAMING SHORES

SECTION 1. PURPOSE

The purpose of this ordinance is to establish a program for identifying and registering vacant residential and commercial buildings; to determine the responsibilities of owners of vacant buildings and structures; and to speed the rehabilitation of the vacant buildings. The goal of this ordinance is to shift the cost of burden from the general citizenry to the owners of the blighted buildings.

SECTION 2. DEFINITIONS.

Unless otherwise expressly stated, the following terms shall, for the purpose of this chapter, have the meanings indicated in this section.

(a) "Owner." For purposes of this chapter, owner means any person, in whose name the property is titled and any person, agent, servicing company, firm, third party, financial institution or bank that has an interest in the property as a result of an assignment, sale, mortgage, transfer of a mortgage, or similar instrument or having an agreement with any one of the above for the purpose of securing and/or managing the property.

(b) "Secured by other than normal means." A building secured by means other than those used in the design of the building; eg, boarded windows or doors, etc.

(c) "Unoccupied." A building which is not being used for the occupancy authorized by the owner for at least 6 consecutive months.

(d) "Unsecured." A building or portion of a building which is open to entry by unauthorized persons without the use of tools or ladders.

(e) "Vacant Building." A building (excluding government-owned buildings) which is:

(1) Unoccupied and unsecured; or

(2) Unoccupied and secured by other than normal means; or

(3) Unoccupied and an unsafe building as determined by the Zoning Inspector; or

(4) Unoccupied and having utilities disconnected; or

(5) Unoccupied and has building code violations; or

(6) Illegally occupied, which shall include loitering and vagrancy; or

(7) Unoccupied for a period of time over six (6) months and having an existing code violation issued by the Village Administrator, Police Officer, Zoning Inspector or county official; or

(8) Unoccupied with a mortgage status of abandonment (i.e. deceased or foreclosed); or

(9) Unoccupied and abandoned by the property owner.

(f) "Evidence of vacancy." Any condition that on its own or combined with other conditions present would lead a reasonable person to believe the property is vacant. Such conditions include, but are not limited to: significantly below standard utility usage, overgrown and/or dead vegetation, accumulation of newspapers, circulars, flyers and/or mail, accumulation of trash, junk, and/or debris, broken or boarded up windows, abandoned vehicles, auto parts or materials, the absence of window coverings, such as curtains, blinds, and/or shutters, the absence of furnishings and/or personal items consistent with habitation or occupation, statement(s) by governmental employee(s) that the property is vacant.

SECTION 3. VACANT BUILDING REGISTRATION.

(a) The owner shall register with the Zoning Inspector not later than ninety (90) days after any building located in an area within the Village limits becomes a vacant building or not later than thirty (30) days of being notified by the Zoning Inspector of the requirement to register based on evidence of vacancy, whichever event first occurs.

(b) The registration shall be submitted on forms provided by the Zoning Inspector and shall include the following information supplied by the owner:

(1) The name(s), address(es), phone number (s), email address (es), and cell phone number (s) of the owner or owners;

(2) If the owner does not reside in Ashtabula County, the name and address of any third party who the owner has entered into a contract or agreement for property management. By designating an authorized agent under the provisions of this section, the owner is consenting that the third party is authorized to receive any and all notices relating to the property and conformance of any and all ordinances;

(3) The names and addresses of all known lien holders and all other parties with an ownership interest in the building;

(4) A telephone number where a responsible party can be reached at all times during business and non-business hours; and

(5) A vacant building plan as described in division (c) of this section.

(c) The owner shall submit a vacant building plan which must meet the approval of the Zoning Inspector. The plan, at a minimum, must contain information from one of the following three choices;

(1) If the building is to be demolished, a demolition plan indicating the proposed time frame for demolition which includes starting within thirty (30) days of acceptance of the proposed demolition timeline and does not exceed ninety (90) days, or

(2) If the building is to remain vacant, a plan for the insuring the building is secured along with the procedure that will be used to maintain the property, and a statement of the reasons why the building will be left vacant (e.g., building is for sale, etc.); or

(3) If the building is to be returned to appropriate occupancy or use, a rehabilitation plan for the building and grounds. The rehabilitation plan shall not exceed twelve (12) months from the time they obtain permits, unless the Zoning Inspector grants an extension upon receipt of a written statement from the owner detailing the reasons for the extension. Any repairs, improvements or alterations to the property must comply with any applicable zoning, housing, historic preservation, or buildings codes, and the property must be secured during the rehabilitation.

(d) All applicable laws and codes shall be complied with by the owner. The owner shall notify the Zoning Inspector of any changes in information of their vacant building registration within fifteen (15) days of the change. If the plan or timetable for the vacant building is revised in any way, the revision(s) must be in writing and must meet the approval of the Zoning Inspector prior to making the changes.

(e) The owner and subsequent owners shall keep the building secured and safe and the building and grounds properly maintained in accordance with all applicable property maintenance codes.

(f) A new owner(s) shall register or re-register the vacant building with the Zoning Inspector within thirty (30) days of any transfer of an ownership interest in the vacant building if the building continues to remain vacant after transfer. The new owner(s) shall comply with the approved plan and timetable submitted by the previous owner until any proposed changes are submitted and meet the approval of the Inspector.

(g) The failure of the owner of the vacant building to obtain a deed for the property or to file the deed with the County Recorder shall not excuse the property owner from registering the property.

(h) Failure of the owner or any subsequent owners to maintain the building and premises that results in remedial action taken by the Village shall be grounds for revocation of the approved plan and shall be subject to any applicable penalties provided by the law.

(i) The Zoning Inspector shall include in the file any property specific written statements from community organizations, other interested parties, or citizens regarding the history, problems, status, or blighting influence of a vacant building.

(j) The registration and all associated processes must be completed in its entirety annually for as long as the property remains vacant.

SECTION 4. ESCROW.

Each demolition of a vacant building requires that the owner hold in escrow with the Village a deposit for a residential or commercial building in an amount to be established by ordinance and subsequently amended as deemed necessary. If the amount to be set up in escrow cannot be paid in full, the Village will place a lien on the property for the amount previously specified. The Village will use these funds to complete the plans submitted by the owner in the event that the owner does not comply with the deadlines as previously submitted in the owner's vacant building plan. Escrow funds will be released upon completion of the work or transfer of ownership, provided that all fees have been paid in full. New owners must sign a form accepting responsibility for completing the demolition.

SECTION 5. INSPECTIONS.

The Zoning Inspector shall inspect any premises in the Village for the purpose of enforcing and assuring compliance with the provisions of this chapter. Upon the request of the Zoning Inspector, an owner shall provide access to all interior portions of

an unoccupied building in order to permit a complete inspection. Nothing contained herein, however, shall diminish the owner's right to insist upon the procurement of a search warrant from a court of competent jurisdiction. The Zoning Inspector shall be required to obtain a search warrant whenever an owner refuses to permit a warrantless inspection of the premises. The following shall apply:

- (a) Vacant properties will be externally inspected by the Zoning Inspector as necessary to ensure the compliance of property maintenance codes;
- (b) Vacant properties will be both internally and externally inspected at the start of each registration period (new and renewal) and when the registration is terminated by the property owner;
- (c) Vacant properties will be both internally and externally inspected upon acquisition of the property by a new owner and, if said premises is to be utilized for rental purposes prior to occupancy.

SECTION 6. VACANT BUILDING FEES.

The fees shall be reasonably related to the administrative costs for registering and processing the vacant building owner registration form and for the costs incurred by the Village in monitoring the vacant building site. The annually increased fee amounts shall be reasonably related to the costs incurred by the Village for demolition and hazard abatement of or repairs to vacant buildings, as well as the continued normal administrative costs stated above.

- (a) The owner of a vacant residential building shall pay an annual fee in an amount to be established by ordinance and amended as deemed necessary as long as the building remains vacant. For every consecutive year that the building remains vacant, the annual fee will be assessed at double the previous year's fee amount for a maximum annual fee equaling the five (5) year fee in an amount to be established by ordinance and amended as deemed necessary and to be used for the fifth and for all consecutive, subsequent years of vacancy.
- (b) The owner of a vacant commercial building shall pay an annual fee in an amount to be established by ordinance and amended as deemed necessary for the first year the building remains vacant. For every consecutive year that the building remains vacant, the annual fee will be assessed at double the previous year's fee amount for a maximum annual fee in an amount to be established by ordinance and amended as deemed necessary and to be used for the fifth and for all consecutive, subsequent years of vacancy.

(c) The first annual fee shall be paid at the time the building is registered. If the fee is not paid, the owner shall be subject to prosecution and a lien may be assessed against the property.

(d) The fee shall be paid in full prior to the issuance of any building permits unless the property is granted an exemption. The fee shall be prorated and a refund may be issued if the building is no longer deemed vacant under the provisions of this chapter within one hundred eighty (180) days of its registry.

(e) All delinquent fees shall be paid by the owner prior to any transfer of an ownership interest in the vacant building. A lien may be placed on the property to collect delinquent fees.

(f) Late fees shall be paid in addition to the annual registration and will be equal to the annual fee or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), whichever is less.

SECTION 7. EXEMPTIONS.

Any owner of a vacant building may request an exemption from the provisions of this chapter by filing a written application with the Zoning Inspector under any of the following conditions:

1) A building under active construction/renovation and having a valid building permit(s) at the time of initial inspection shall be exempt from registration until the expiration of the longest running, currently active county building permit.

2) A building which has suffered fire damage or damage caused by extreme weather conditions shall be exempt from the registration requirement for a period of ninety (90) days after the date of the fire or extreme weather event. This request shall include the names and addresses of the owner or owners, and a statement of intent to repair and reoccupy the building, or demolish the building, within a designated time period.

3) A building that is for sale and listed with a licensed State of Ohio realtor shall be exempted for a period of twelve (12) months from the start of vacancy, provided that the owner submits proof to the Zoning Inspector of such listing and "for sale" status.

4) Any other reason warranted by circumstances not caused by the landowner and which promotes the public interest and which does not extend beyond ninety (90) days. In determining whether a request for exemption should be granted, the Inspector shall consider the following: the applicant's prior record as it pertains to the Village Building Code, Zoning Code, or Village property maintenance codes violations; the extent to which the exemption would create an eyesore in the community, or otherwise diminish property values, the extent of

the danger to the public resulting from the exemption, and the amount of vacant property the applicant currently has within the Village

SECTION 8. APPEALS.

Any owner who is served a notice of vacant property or building registration may, within ten (10) calendar days of receipt of such notice, apply for an exemption or appeal the decision of the Zoning Inspector to the Board of Zoning Appeals.

SECTION 9. PENALTY.

Any owner violating any provision of the Vacant Building Registry shall be subject to a fine of \$100.00 per day from the date of the initial notice provided by the Zoning Inspector. The Village may also seek injunctive and other relief against the offender in the Ashtabula County Court of Common Pleas.

SECTION 10. That it is hereby found and determined that all formal actions of this Council concerning and relating to the adoption of this ordinance were adopted in an open meeting of this Council and that all deliberations of this Council and of any of its committees that resulted in those formal actions were in meetings open to the public, in compliance with all legal requirements including Section 121.22 of the Ohio Revised Code.

SECTION 11. That this ordinance is not an emergency and shall not take effect until thirty days after its passage.

PASSED this _____ day of _____, 2013

John Ball, Mayor

ATTEST:

Leeann Moses, Clerk/ Treasurer

Kyle B. Smith, Solicitor

I hereby certify that a summary of the foregoing ordinance was published by the Shore News on the ____ day of _____ 2013.

Village Clerk

Fee Schedule

(A) Section 103.5 – Inspection Fees

First Re-Inspection	No charge
Second Re-Inspection	\$ 50.00
Third Re-Inspection	\$100.00
Each Re-Inspection after the Third Re-Inspection...	\$150.00

VACANT PROPERTY REGISTRATION

(A) Escrow Amount

Residential Building	\$10,000.00
Commercial Building	\$75,000.00

(B) Vacant Building Registration Fees

(1) Residential

First Year	\$ 200.00
Second Year	\$ 400.00
Third Year	\$ 800.00
Fourth Year	\$ 1,600.00
Fifth and subsequent years	\$ 3,200.00

(2) Commercial

First Year	\$ 400.00
Second Year	\$ 800.00
Third Year	\$ 1,600.00
Fourth Year	\$ 3,200.00
Fifth and subsequent years	\$ 6,400.00